# **TRIDONIC**

# Driver LC 10W 200-350mA flexC lp SNC4

essence series







# Product description

- \_ Constant current LED driver for luminaire installation
- \_ For luminaires of protection class I and protection class II
- \_ Temperature protection as per EN 61347-2-13 C5e
- \_ Selectable fixed output current 200, 250, 300 and 350 mA (preselected current 350 mA)
- \_ Max. output power 10.2 W
- \_ Up to 83.5 % efficiency
- \_ Nominal lifetime up to 100,000 h
- \_ 5 years guarantee (conditions at
- https://www.tridonic.com/manufacturer-guarantee-conditions)

#### **Housing properties**

- \_ Casing: polycarbonate, white
- \_ Type of protection IP20

#### **Functions**

- \_ Overload protection
- \_ Short-circuit protection
- \_ No-load protection

## Website

http://www.tridonic.com/28004119











Linear













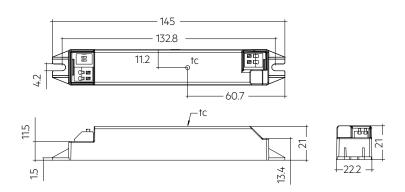


Data sheet 08/24-LC946-4 Subject to change without notice.



# Driver LC 10W 200-350mA flexC lp SNC4

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28004119

**Article number** Packaging, carton Packaging, pallet Weight per pc.

50 pc(s).

8,750 pc(s).

0.049 kg

## Ordering data

LC 10/200-350/29 flexC lp SNC4

Type

Technical data	
Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
DC voltage range	176 – 280 V
Max. input current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) <sup>①</sup>	0.056 A
Mains frequency	0 / 50 / 60 Hz
Overvoltage protection	320 V AC, 2 h
Max. output power	10 W
Output power range	2.8 – 10.2 W
Typ. efficiency (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) <sup>①</sup>	83.5 %
λ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) <sup>①</sup>	0.94C
Output current tolerance <sup>②</sup>	± 7.5 %
Max. output voltage (U-OUT)	37 V
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) <sup>①</sup>	< 20 %
Max. peak output current at full load <sup>①</sup>	395 mA
Output LF current ripple (< 120 Hz) at full load	± 5 %
Output P_ST_LM (at full load)	≤ 1
Output SVM (at full load)	≤ 0.4
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Starting time (DC mode)	≤ 0.6 s
Switchover time (AC/DC)	≤ 0.6 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Hold on time at power failure (output)	0 s
Ambient temperature ta (at lifetime 50,000 h)	50 °C

-40 ... +80 °C

up to 100,000 h

145 x 22 x 21 mm

1kV

2 kV

3 kV

5 Year(s)

132.8 mm

# Approval marks

Dimensions L x W x H

Hole spacing D

Storage temperature ts

Mains burst capability

Mains surge capability (between L - N)

Mains surge capability (between L/N - PE)

Surge voltage at output side (against PE)

Guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)



## Standards

Lifetime

EN 55015, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, EN 61347-1, EN 61347-2-13, EN 61547, EN 62384, according to EN 50172, according to EN 60598-2-22

# Specific technical data

Туре	Output current	Min. output voltage	Max. output voltage	Max. output power	Typ. power consumptio n (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	Typ. current consumption (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	tc point max.	Ambient temperature ta	l-out select
LC 10/200-350/29 flexC lp SNC4	200 mA	14 V	29 V	5.8 W	7.2 W	36 mA	80 °C	-20 +60 °C	1=off / 2=off
LC 10/200-350/29 flexC lp SNC4	250 mA	14 V	29 V	7.3 W	8.8 W	42 mA	85 °C	-20 +60 °C	1=on / 2=off
LC 10/200-350/29 flexC lp SNC4	300 mA	14 V	29 V	8.7 W	10.5 W	50 mA	85 °C	-20 +60 °C	1=off / 2=on
LC 10/200-350/29 flexC lp SNC4	350 mA	14 V	29 V	10.2 W	12.2 W	56 mA	85 °C	-20 +60 °C	1=on / 2=on

① Test result at 350 mA. ② Test result at 25 °C. ③ Output current is mean value.

## 1. Standards

EN 55015

EN 61000-3-2

EN 61000-3-3

EN 61347-1

EN 61347-2-13

EN 61547

EN 62384

According to EN 50172 for use in central battery systems

According to EN 60598-2-22 suitable for emergency lighting installations

## 1.1 Glow wire test

according to EN 60598-1 with increased temperature of 850 °C passed.

## 2. Thermal details and lifetime

#### **Expected lifetime**

Туре	Output current	ta	40 °C	50 °C	60 °C
	200	tc	60 °C	70 °C	80 °C
LC 10/200-350/29 flexC lp SNC4	200 mA	Lifetime	> 100,000 h	> 100,000 h	55,000 h
	250 4	tc	65 °C	75 °C	85 °C
	250 mA	Lifetime	> 100,000 h	100,000 h	50,000 h
	700 m A	tc	65 °C	75 °C	85 °C
	300 mA	Lifetime	> 100,000 h	90,000 h	45,000 h
	7FO A	tc	65 °C	75 °C	85 °C
	350 mA	Lifetime	> 100,000 h	75,000 h	35,000 h

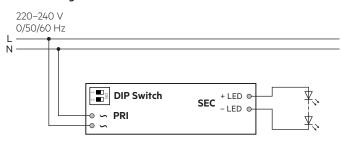
The LED driver is designed for a lifetime stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

The relation of tc to ta temperature depends also on the luminaire design.

If the measured to temperature is approx. 5 K below to max., ta temperature should be checked and eventually critical components (e.g. ELCAP) measured. Detailed information on request.

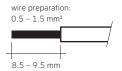
## 3. Installation / wiring

## 3.1 Circuit diagram



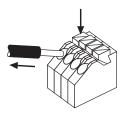
## 3.2 Wiring type and cross section

For wiring use stranded wire with ferrules or solid wire from 0.5 - 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup>. Strip 8.5 - 9.5 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals.



#### 3.3 Release of the wiring

Press down the "push button" and remove the cable from front.



#### 3.4 Wiring guidelines

- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour.
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED driver and other leads (ideally 5 – 10 cm distance)
- Max. length of output wires is 2 m.
- Incorrect wiring can damage LED modules.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

#### 3.6 Replace LED module

- 1. Mains off
- 2. Remove LED module
- 3. Wait for 30 seconds
- 4. Connect LED module again

Hot plug-in or output switching of LEDs is not permitted and may cause a very high current to the LEDs.

#### 3.7 Mounting of device

Max. torque for fixing: 0.5 Nm/M4

#### 3.8 Current setting



Set the current by DIP switch after mains off. Use of DIP switch only after mains off.

200 mA: Switch 1 = Off, Switch 2 = Off



**250 mA:** Switch 1 = On, Switch 2 = Off



**300 mA:** Switch 1 = Off, Switch 2 = On

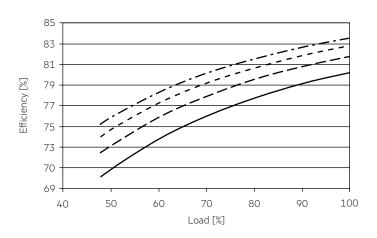


**350 mA:** Switch 1 = On, Switch 2 = On

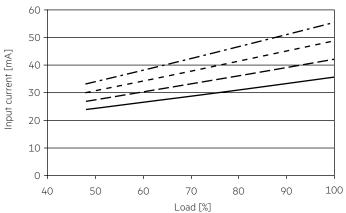


## 4. Electrical values

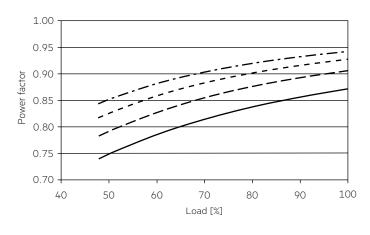
# 4.1 Efficiency vs load



# 4.4 Input current vs load

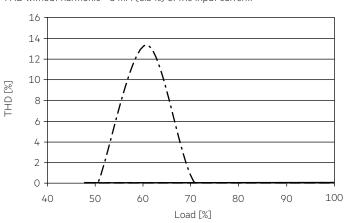


## 4.2 Power factor vs load

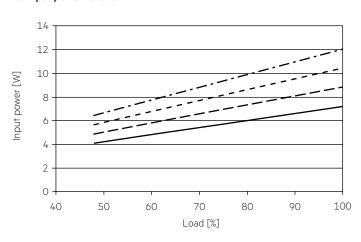


# 4.5 THD vs load (without harmonic < 5 mA or 0.6 % of the input current)

THD without harmonic < 5 mA (0.6 %) of the input current:



# 4.3 Input power vs load





#### 4.6 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers in relation to inrush current

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush current	
Installation Ø	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	Imax	Time
LC 10/200-350/29 flexC lp SNC4	70	91	113	145	42	55	68	87	16 A	110 µs

These are max. values calculated out of inrush current! Please consider not to exceed the maximum rated continuous current of the circuit breaker. Calculation uses typical values from ABB series S200 as a reference.

Actual values may differ due to used circuit breaker types and installation environment.

# 4.7 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load) in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LC 10/200-350/29 flexC lp SNC4	< 20	< 12	< 6	< 6	< 3	< 3

Acc. to 61000-3-2. Harmonics < 5 mA or < 0.6 % (whatever is greater) of the input current are not considered for calculation of THD.

#### 5. Functions

# 5.1 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit on the output side (LED) the LED driver switches off. After elimination of the short-circuit fault the LED driver will recover automatically.

#### 5.2 No-load operation

The LED driver works in burst working mode to provide a constant output voltage regulation which allows the application to be able to work safely when LED string opens due to a failure.

# 5.3 Overload protection

If the maximum load is exceeded by a defined internal limit, the LED driver will protect itself and LED may flicker. After elimination of the overload, the nominal operation is restored automatically.

## 5.4 DC emergency operation

The LED driver is designed to operate on DC voltage and pulsed DC voltage. For a reliable operation, make sure that also in DC emergency operation the LED driver is run within the specified conditions.

Light output level in DC operation (EOF $_{\rm X}$ ): 95% (cannot be adjusted)

The voltage-dependent input current of Driver incl. LED module is depending on the used load.

The voltage-dependent no-load current of Driver (without or defect LED module) is for:

AC: < 10 mA

DC: < 5 mA

#### 6. Miscellaneous

## 6.1 Disposal of equipment



Return old devices in accordance with the WEEE directive to suitable recycling facilities.

#### 6.2 Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with 500 V  $_{\rm DC}$  for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V  $_{AC}$  (or 1.414 x 1500 V  $_{DC}$ ). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

## 6.3 Conditions of use and storage

Humidity: 5 % up to max. 85 %,

The insulation resistance must be at least  $2M\Omega$ .

not condensed

(max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

The LED driver is declared as inbuilt LED controlgear, meaning it is intended to be used within a luminaire enclosure.

If the product is used outside a luminaire, the installation must provide suitable protection for people and environment (e.g. in illuminated ceilings).

#### 6.4 Maximum number of switching cycles

All LED driver are tested with 50,000 switching cycles.

#### 6.5 Additional information

Additional technical information at  $\underline{www.tridonic.com} \rightarrow \text{Technical Data}$ 

Lifetime declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.